

**Financial Statements** 

**Inuit Art Foundation** 

March 31, 2023

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### Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Inuit Art Foundation

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Inuit Art Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in fund balances, and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* paragraph, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO").

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We were not able to complete audit procedures to satisfy ourselves concerning the completeness of revenue from donations for the year ended March 31, 2022. Verification of this revenue was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Foundation. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, excess of revenue over expenditures, and cash flows from operations for the year ended March 31, 2022, current assets at March 31, 2022, and fund balances at April 1, 2022 and 2021 and March 31, 2022. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 was modified accordingly. Our opinion on the current year's financial statements is also modified because of the possible effects of this matter on the comparability of the current period's figures and the corresponding figures.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mississauga, Canada November 1, 2023 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Inuit Art Foundation
<b>Statement of Financial Position</b>

As at March 31	2023	2022
Assets		
Current Cash	\$ 829,368	\$ 1,391,361
Accounts receivable	412,820	145,472
Prepaid expenses	33,973	35,132
	1,276,161	1,571,965
Investments (Note 3)	614,595	601,958
Capital assets (Note 4)	29,910	39,094
	\$ 1,920,666	\$ 2,213,017
Liabilities Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 351,176	\$ 96,031
Deferred revenue and contributions (Note 5)	<u>695,574</u>	<u>1,311,791</u>
	1,046,750	1,407,822
Fund balances		
Unrestricted	813,106	744,385
Internally restricted fund	60,810	60,810
	<u>873,916</u>	805,195
	\$ 1,920,666	\$ 2,213,017

Commitments (Note 6)

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

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Inuit Art Foundation Statement of Revenue and Expenditures				
Year ended March 31		2023		2022
Devenue				
Revenue Grants and other funding	\$	1,995,559	\$	544,909
CIRNAC - core funding	φ	528,000	φ	548,000
Donations		432,773		409,365
Magazine and advertising sales		222,832		175,942
Other		32,037		67,116
Government assistance (Note 7)		32,007		173,525
Igloo tag		_		500
19:00 tag				000
	_	3,211,201		1,919,357
Expenditures				
Artist services		1,191,133		329,960
Inuit art quarterly		1,134,665		761,148
Operating		414,273		592,540
Training and mentorship		308,559		111,838
Igloo tag	_	93,850		95,794
		3,142,480		1,891,280
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$	68,721	\$	28,077

### Inuit Art Foundation Statement of Changes in Fund Balances Year ended March 31

	U	nrestricted Fund	Internally Restricted Fund		2023 Total	2022 Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	744,385	\$ 60,810	\$	805,195	\$ 777,118
Excess of revenue over expenditures	s	68,721	 	_	68,721	 28,077
Balance, end of year	\$	813,106	\$ 60,810	\$	873,916	\$ 805,195

Inuit Art Foundation Statement of Cash Flows				
Year ended March 31		2023	2022	
Increase (decrease) in cash				
Operating Excess of revenue over expenditures Items not affecting cash	\$	68,721	\$ 28,077	
Amortization of capital assets Unrealized loss (gain) on investments Deferred revenue and contributions recognized		10,636 (4,444) <u>(1,409,395</u> )		
	(1	I,141,497)	(1,375,126)	
Changes in non-cash working capital Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue received		(267,348) 1,159 255,145 618,022	21,769 (2,074) (48,269) 1,930,266	
Financing Repayment of loan payable – CEBA	_	<u>(534,519</u> ) <u>-</u>	<u>526,566</u> (30,000)	
Investing Purchase of investments (net)	_	(27,474)	(173,865)	
(Decrease) increase in cash		(561,993)	322,701	
Cash, beginning of year	1	1 <u>,391,361</u>	1,068,660	
Cash, end of year	\$	829,368	\$ 1,391,361	

March 31, 2023

#### 1. Purpose of the organization

The Inuit Art Foundation (the "Foundation") is a Canadian based not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act. The Foundation was created to provide an international platform for scholarly discussion, direct support for artistic development and to serve as an advocate for Inuit artists throughout Canada.

As a registered charity in both Canada and the United States, the Foundation is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act and the Internal Revenue Code, respectively.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). ASNPO requires entities to select policies appropriate for their circumstances from policies provided in these standards. The significant accounting policies selected by the Foundation and applied in these financial statements are as follows.

#### **Fund accounting**

The Foundation's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting, whereby fund balances of the Foundation are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds to be used as determined by the Foundation.

The Unrestricted Fund accounts for the core operating activities of the Foundation. The unrestricted fund also includes assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses invested in capital assets.

The Internally Restricted Fund is to ensure the stability of the Foundation's mission, programs and services by providing additional funds to be drawn upon in the future due to unforeseen events.

#### Revenue recognition

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Magazine, advertising and interest income are recorded as earned provided there is clear evidence that an arrangement exists, the amount is reasonably determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue and contributions represents magazine income received in advance of the edition being published and externally restricted contributions received prior to the related expense being incurred.

Government assistance relates to the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy, Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy and COVID-19 Emergency Support Grant and is recognized in the statement revenue and expenditures when received or receivable in the year to which it relates.

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#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Contributed materials and services

Achievement of the mission of the Foundation is dependent upon materials and the many hours generously contributed by volunteers. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed materials and services are not recognized in these financial statements.

#### **Use of estimates**

Certain items in the preparation of the financial statements require management's best estimate. Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each statement of financial position date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Management determines these estimates based on assumptions that reflect the most probable set of economic conditions and planned course of action.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to the excess of revenue over expenditures as appropriate in the year they become known. Estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable, estimated useful lives of capital assets and allocation of operating expenses.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Foundation considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument. The Foundation accounts for cash, accounts receivable, investments, and accounts payable as financial instruments. All financial instruments are measured initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost with the exception of investments in mutual funds, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized gains (losses) on investments are recognized as other income in the statement of revenue and expenditures.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Computer equipment 55% declining balance Furniture and fixtures 20% declining balance

Leasehold improvements the lessor of 8 years and the term of the lease

Capital assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. The assets are tested for impairment by comparing the net carrying value to their fair value or replacement cost. If the asset's fair value or replacement cost is determined to be less than its net carrying value, the resulting impairment is reported in the statement of revenue and expenditures. Any impairment recognized is not reversed.

#### Allocation of expenditures

The Foundation allocates operating salaries, rent and overhead on the following basis:

- (i) Salaries based on the budgeted time spent by the employees on each program;
- (ii) Rent based on the estimated square footage used by each program; and
- (iii) Overhead based on the estimated proportion of time spent on each program.

March 31, 2023

#### 3. Investments

Investments consist of investments in balanced mutual funds.

4. Capital assets					2022	2022
		Cost	ccumulated mortization		2023 Net Book Value	2022 Net Book Value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	\$	13,600 16,863 54,744	\$ 12,870 11,063 31,364	\$	730 5,800 23,380	\$ 1,621 7,250 30,223
	\$	85,207	\$ 55,297	\$	29,910	\$ 39,094
5. Deferred revenue and contrib	outio	ons				
	_	2022	 Received	R	<u>ecognized</u>	 2023
Magazine subscriptions Kenojuak Ashevak Memorial Fund Donations Ontario Arts Council Grant Other grants	\$	63,002 200,381 91,390 217,337 739,681	\$ 54,695 17,230 14,716 - 531,382	\$	(63,002) - (89,133) (97,212) (984,893)	\$ 54,695 217,611 16,973 120,125 286,170
	\$	1,311,791	\$ 618,023	\$ (	(1,234,240)	\$ 695,574

#### 6. Commitments

The Foundation is committed to payments for the rental of office space including operation costs, excluding HST and service contracts as follows:

2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 99,105 100,256 103,421 43,891	
	\$ 346,673	
7. Government assistance	 2023	 2022
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy COVID-19 Emergency Grant Support Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy	\$ - - -	\$ 121,737 35,476 16,312
	\$ 	\$ 173,525

March 31, 2023

#### 8. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Foundation's main credit risks relate to its accounts receivable.

The Foundation reduces its exposure to credit risk by performing credit valuations on a regular basis and creating an allowance for doubtful accounts when applicable. At March 31, 2023, the allowance for doubtful accounts is \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil). In the opinion of management, the credit risk exposure to the Foundation is low and is not material.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Foundation is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable.

The Foundation reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due, maintains adequate cash reserves and has an operating line of credit available as needed.

Under the terms of the Foundation's credit agreement with the Royal Bank of Canada, the Foundation has an operating line of credit available to a maximum of \$50,000, bearing interest at the bank prime rate plus 1.55%. At March 31, 2023, \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil) has been drawn on this facility.

#### Interest rate price risk

Interest rate price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Foundation is exposed to interest rate price risk with respect to investments with fixed interest rates.

#### Other price risk

The Foundation is subject to other price risk on its investments carried at fair value. These investments are subject to market risk such that the fair value of these investments may change as a result of factors specific to a particular investment or as a result of factors affecting all instruments trading in the market. The Foundation manages this risk by investing in accordance with a diversified strategy as dictated by the Board of Directors.

#### 9. Comparatives figures

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified from those previously presented to conform to the presentation of the 2023 financial statements.